

Economy

Monthly

6 Aug 2025

Economic Flash

Stable domestic growth amid early signs of export deceleration

Exports maintain momentum on electronics products

According to NSO's July report, Vietnam's exports rose 15.95% YoY to USD42.27bn, while imports increased 17.77% YoY to USD40.00bn, resulting in a trade surplus of USD2.27bn. Export growth remained steady, driven mainly by electronics, such mobile phones and computers. However, shipments of seatransported goods with longer delivery times—such as textiles, garments, footwear, and seafood—showed signs of slowing.

Industrial production grows steadily

In July, Vietnam's industrial production (IIP) maintained its persistent growth, rising by 8.5% YoY, slightly higher than June's revised figure of 7.98%, as the impact of front-loaded shipments faded. This improvement highlights a positive sign, suggesting that the prior downward revision was largely technical ahead of tariff announcements.

CPI pressure eases

According to the NSO, headline CPI increased by 0.11% MoM (or 3.19% YoY) in July, primarily driven by price increases across 9 out of 11 commodity and service groups. For 7M25, average CPI rose 3.26% YoY, remaining comfortably below the government's annual inflation target range of 4.5%–5.0%.

Vietnam economic indicators

	25-Feb	25-Mar	25-Apr	25-May	25-Jun	25-Jul	corr.
Disbursed FDI %YoY	9.1	9.9	7.7	9.6	8.8	10.1	-0.22
Retail sales %YoY	9.4	9.8	9.3	9.5	8.3	9.2	-0.17
Export %YoY	25.7	14.5	19.7	17.0	16.3	16.0	-0.07
Import %YoY	40.0	19.0	22.8	14.1	20.2	17.8	0.02
Trade balance (USD bn)	-1.5	1.6	0.6	0.6	2.8	2.3	-0.05
CPI %MoM	0.34	-0.03	0.07	0.16	0.48	0.11	-0.04
Credit %YoY	16.8	14.1	18.8	18.5	19.2	19.1	-0.28
USDVND %MoM	1.89	0.03	1.64	0.15	0.30	0.20	-0.32
PMI (pts)	49.2	50.5	45.6	49.8	48.9	52.4	-0.07
VNINDEX return (%)	3.2	0.1	-6.1	9.2	3.5	9.5	1.00

Source: SBV, NSO, Bloomberg, KIS

1 Correlation to VNINDEX's monthly return;

Green = acceleration; yellow = deceleration; red = contraction.

Contents

Appendix1	4
Macro scorecard1	3
V. FDI restrained ahead of tariff outcomes 1	1
IV. CPI pressure eases9	
III. Retail sales grow faster7	
II. Industrial production grows steadily5	
I. Exports maintain momentum on electronics products	1

Research Dept

researchdept@kisvn.vn

I. Exports maintain momentum on electronics products

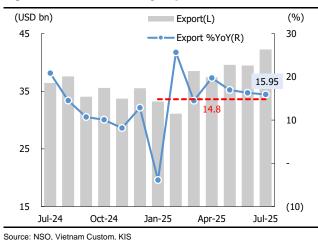
Export growth decelerates as tariffs weigh on demand

According to NSO's July report, Vietnam's exports rose 15.95% YoY to USD42.27bn, while imports increased 17.77% YoY to USD40.00bn, resulting in a trade surplus of USD2.27bn. Export growth remained steady, driven mainly by electronics, such mobile phones and computers. However, shipments of seatransported goods with longer delivery times—such as textiles, garments, footwear, and seafood—showed signs of slowing.

On July 31, President Trump signed Executive Orders imposing new country-specific reciprocal tariffs, effective 07 August. These rates largely reflect terms from the United States' prior trade agreements. Vietnamese exporters will face a 20% tariff—slightly higher than some other Southeast Asian countries but lower than India's 25%—allowing Vietnam to maintain competitiveness and market share.

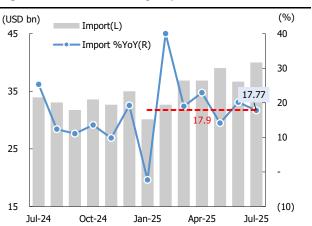
Overall, this development is positive for the economy, however, the higher tariff rate, coupled with uncertainty surrounding Vietnam's trade position, may weigh on future orders. As such, we expect export growth to continue moderating in the coming month. This outlook is further reinforced by weakening export orders, as reflected in the latest PMI report.

Figure 1. Vietnam monthly exports



Note: The red figure represents the average value for 7M25

Figure 2. Vietnam monthly imports



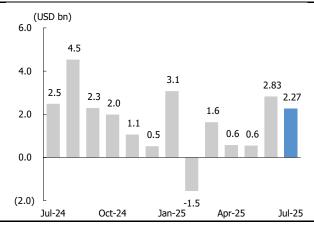
Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS Note: The red figure represents the average value for 7M25

Table 1. Shipping & customs timeline from Vietnam to the U.S.

Mode	Port-to-Port	Door-to-Door	Possible Customs Procedure
Sea Freight (FCL)	24–29 days	37–41 days	Expedited customs clearance: 1 day
Sea Freight (LCL)	18–38 days	28-33 days	Random inspection: 1–2 days
Air Freight	3–8 days	8–16 days	Container-opening inspection: 3–5 days
Express Courier		1–4 days	In-depth examination: 5–7 days

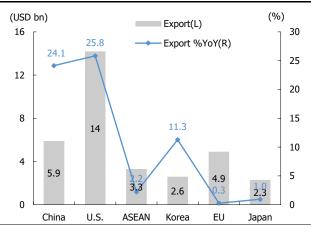
Source: Freightos, KIS

Figure 3. Vietnam's trade balance



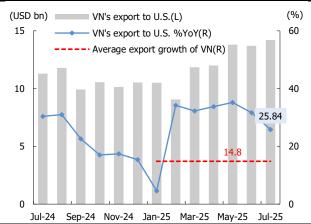
Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS

Figure 5. July's export breakdown by market



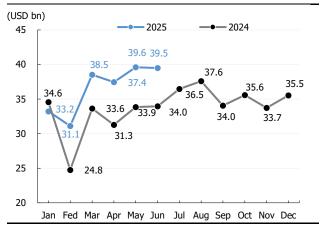
Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS

Figure 7. Vietnam's export value to U.S.



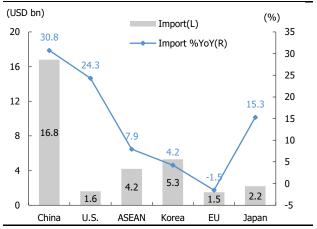
Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS

Figure 4. Monthly export value



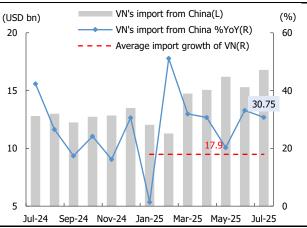
Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS

Figure 6. July's import breakdown by market



Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS

Figure 8. Vietnam's import value from China



Source: NSO, Vietnam Custom, KIS

Table 2. Movements of notable export products

Product	Feb- 25	Mar- 25	Apr- 25	May- 25	Jun- 25	Jul- 25
Computers, electric products & parts	38.9	35.1	58.7	52.4	40.9	52.5
Machines, equipment, tools, instruments	29.5	19.4	22.9	17.7	11.2	10.6
Telephones, mobile phones & spare parts	11.3	3.7	-5.2	7.9	-5.1	2.2
Textiles and garments	20.7	14.8	17.7	9.2	13.5	5.1
Footwear	33.5	15.8	20.5	2.0	4.1	3.3
Wood & wooden products	33.9	13.3	5.4	5.0	6.3	5.7
Fishery products	44.5	19.7	16.3	16.2	8.0	6.3
Toys, sports req part, access	106.5	91.9	110.3	117.6	145.6	174.8
Vegetables and fruits	-3.5	2.0	-13.1	-20.7	20.7	38.6
Coffee	82.6	58.1	68.6	117.2	92.1	45.8
Plastic products	40.9	13.4	6.3	16.8	12.4	13.1

Source: NSO, KIS

Green = acceleration; yellow = deceleration; red = contraction

Looking deeper into the export basket, NSO's figures show that the deceleration in outbound shipments was broad-based, with 25 out of 38 items recording slower growth compared to the previous month. In more detail, the electronics group continued to play a leading role this month, with CEPP (computers, electronic products, and parts) and METI (machines, equipment, tools, and instruments) and textiles and garments increasing by 52.46% YoY, 10.60% YoY, and 5.05% YoY reaching USD9.00bn, USD5.31bn, and USD3.91bn, respectively. These three items collectively contributed 10.41ppts to the overall growth rate. On the other hand, leading the decline was iron and steel , which dropped by 29.26% YoY to USD0.55bn.

Regarding import activities, July's performance remained centered on the electronics sector, with 28 out of 46 items in the basket showing deceleration compared to the last month. Specifically, CEPP, METI, and iron and steel products increased by 36.85% YoY, 24.78% YoY, and 33.07% YoY, reaching USD13.84bn, USD5.50bn, and USD0.78bn, respectively. On the other hand, leading the decline was coal, which dropped by 41.34% YoY to USD0.49bn.

Table 3. Top Vietnam's export items by contributors

				Share	
	Items	Value (USDmn)	Growth YoY (%)	in total export (%)	Contribution (%)
	Computers, electric products & parts	9,002	52.46	21.30	8.50
	Toys, sports req part, access	1,097	174.76	2.60	1.91
	Machines, equipments, tools, instruments	5,309	10.60	12.56	1.40
	Other means of transportation & spare parts	1,682	16.97	3.98	0.67
Best	Vegetables and fruits	765	38.60	1.81	0.58
	Textiles and garments	3,911	5.05	9.25	0.52
	Coffee	556	45.82	1.32	0.48
	Telephones, mobile phones & spare parts	5,566	2.18	13.17	0.33
	Yarn	371	46.19	0.88	0.32
	Insulated wires and cables	388	29.61	0.92	0.24
	Iron & steel	546	-29.26	1.29	-0.62
	Rice	382	-15.44	0.90	-0.19
	Petroleum products	81	-39.83	0.19	-0.15
	Crude oil	116	-23.60	0.28	-0.10
187	Manioc and manioc products	70	-33.58	0.17	-0.10
Worst	Chemicals	216	-3.26	0.51	-0.02
	Plastics	179	-1.78	0.42	-0.01
	Tea	24	-11.63	0.06	-0.01
	Pastrycooks, sweets, cereals	104	-0.15	0.25	0.00
	Chemical products	245	0.44	0.58	0.00

Source: NSO, KIS

Table 4. Top Vietnam's import items by contributors

	Items	Value (USDmn)	Growth YoY (%)	Share in total export (%)	Contribution (%)
	Electronic, computer and spare parts	13,839	36.85	34.60	10.97
	Machines, equipments, tools, instruments	5,499	24.78	13.75	3.21
	Iron & steel products	785	33.07	1.96	0.57
	Plastic products	979	20.90	2.45	0.50
Best	Petroleum products	758	27.99	1.90	0.49
	Automobiles	950	21.03	2.38	0.49
	Other base metal products	462	53.24	1.15	0.47
	Fertilizers	243	78.78	0.61	0.31
	Insulated wires & cables	411	34.54	1.03	0.31
	Cashew nuts	437	26.47	1.09	0.27
	Coal	491	-41.34	1.23	-1.02
	Crude oil	553	-29.30	1.38	-0.67
	Iron & steel	852	-7.16	2.13	-0.19
	Chemicals	693	-4.26	1.73	-0.09
Worst	Other edible food preparation	107	-20.80	0.27	-0.08
vvorst	Pharmaceutical products	366	-6.65	0.92	-0.08
	Wheat	61	-30.11	0.15	-0.08
	Liquefied petroleum gases	173	-7.18	0.43	-0.04
	Glass & glassware	115	-6.52	0.29	-0.02
	Animal fodders & materials	346	-1.16	0.87	-0.01

II. Industrial production grows steadily

IIP accelerates as front-shipment effects fade In July, Vietnam's industrial production (IIP) maintained its persistent growth, rising by 8.5% YoY, slightly higher than June's revised figure of 7.98%, as the impact of front-loaded shipments faded. This improvement highlights a positive sign, suggesting that the prior downward revision was largely technical ahead of tariff announcements.

At the sector level, all segments recorded growth, with manufacturing expanding by 9.3% YoY, followed by WSWMR (water supply, waste management, and remediation activities) at 9.1% YoY, EGSA (electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply) at 7.0% YoY, and MQ (mining and quarrying) at 2.6% YoY. Except for WSWMR, which grew at a slower pace compared to June, all other sectors posted faster growth than in the previous month.

Figure 9. Monthly IIP %YoY

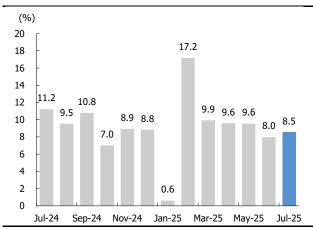
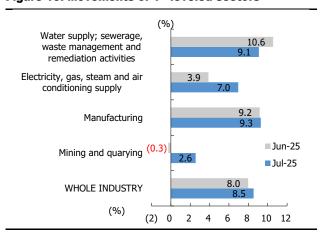


Figure 10. Movements of 1st-leveled sectors



Source: NSO, KIS Source: NSO, KIS

With the revised figures showing July's IIP improving over June, the latest PMI provided further encouragement for manufacturing. The index climbed back above the 50-point threshold for the first time in four months, supported by renewed gains in orders and output. However, export demand remained subdued amid tariff concerns, underscoring the reliance on domestic strength. Overall, the PMI rebound suggests that manufacturing momentum is stabilizing, though sustaining it will require clearer improvements in external condition.

Table 5. Movements of notable products

Product	25- Feb	25- Mar	25- Apr	25- May	25- Jun	25- Jul
Beer	11.8	2.0	5.4	2.7	5.7	10.6
Clothes	28.1	15.9	16.4	15.8	15.2	13.8
Crude steel, iron	6.4	1.0	13.0	4.6	10.6	0.2
Leather footwear	31.8	8.9	8.4	9.2	26.1	16.6
Mobile phone	8.7	-10.4	4.2	0.7	4.6	-11.2
Petroleum	-3.8	28.0	28.0	28.0	-2.5	1.7
Phone accessories	9.1	27.6	4.5	5.2	2.1	6.8
Steel bars and corners	9.8	13.2	15.1	17.2	22.9	20.0
Steel coil	-2.0	-3.0	11.2	16.2	4.9	11.9
Television	64.6	14.4	22.2	23.9	-6.1	28.5
Whole industry	17.2	9.9	9.6	9.6	10.8	8.5

Source: NSO, KIS

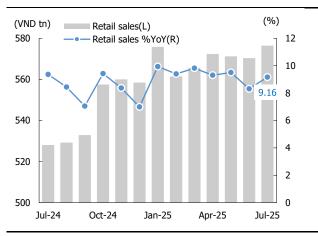
In July, most product categories continued to post growth; however, signs of deceleration became more evident. Growth in steel-related products (bars and corners, crude) and apparel items (clothing, footwear) slowed noticeably, while mobile phone output contracted by 11.2% YoY. This reflects the fading impact of front-loaded shipments, which had driven strong gains in these products in the previous month and was a key factor behind the moderation in overall IIP growth to 8.5% this month.

Overall, product performance remained relatively solid despite ongoing tariff concerns. Looking ahead, with expectations that tariff negotiations will be settled, reduced uncertainty could provide a positive boost for further development in the coming months.

III. Retail sales grow faster

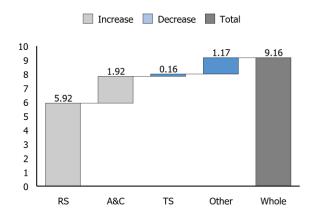
According to estimates from the NSO, Vietnam's retail sales of goods and consumer services accelerated in July, supported by stronger demand for travel and leisure activities during the summer season. Total retail sales reached VND576.44tn, up 9.16% YoY and 1.06ppts MoM. By category, RS (retail sector) rose 7.71% YoY, while A&C (accommodation & catering services) grew 16.29% YoY—up 0.96ppts and 1.86ppts, respectively, from the previous month. Besides, travel services increased 12.59% YoY but were 0.47ppts lower than in the prior month.

Figure 11. Monthly retail sales



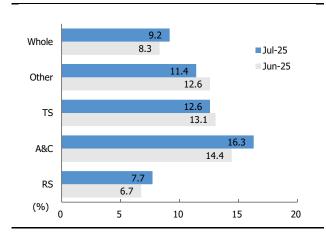
Source: NSO, KIS

Figure 13. Components contribution to total retail sales(ppts)



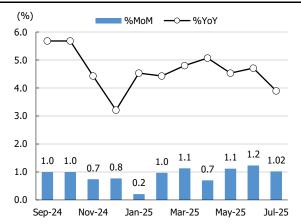
Source: NSO, KIS

Figure 12. Monthly retail sales by component



Source: NSO, KIS

Figure 14. Industrial labor employed index (LEI)



On the international front, Vietnam welcomed 1.56mn foreign visitors in July, up 35.7% YoY, contributing positively to retail activity and reinforcing the tourism sector's recovery momentum. Despite lingering external uncertainties, domestic consumption is expected to remain the key growth driver of the economy this year. With household demand maintaining an improving trend, total retail sales are likely to sustain their current pace in the coming month, particularly supported by the summer travel season.

Figure 15. Total international arrivals by month

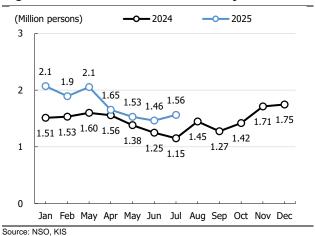
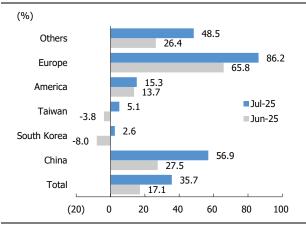


Figure 16. % YoY in international arrivals by country



IV. CPI pressure eases

Despite CPI continuing to rise, its pace slowed this month due to lower fuel prices

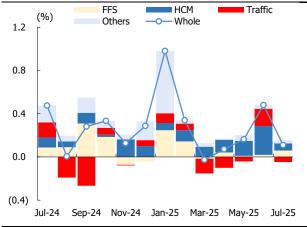
According to the NSO, headline CPI increased by 0.11% MoM (or 3.19% YoY) in July, primarily driven by price increases across 9 out of 11 commodity and service groups.

On the upside, the HCM (Housing and Construction Materials) category had the strongest impact, contributing 7bps to the overall CPI, fueled by higher maintenance material and rental costs, alongside increased electricity prices following EVN's price adjustment.

Conversely, the Traffic and PST (Postal services and telecommunication) categories recorded price declines. Traffic posted the sharpest drop, subtracting 5bps from the overall CPI, driven by easing domestic energy prices. Specifically, diesel oil and retail gasoline prices both fell by 1.45% MoM, while the price of RON-95 fell to VND19,401, down 5.50% MoM following downward price adjustments by the MOIT in July.

For 7M25, average CPI rose 3.26% YoY, remaining comfortably below the government's annual inflation target range of 4.5%-5.0%.

Figure 17. Monthly CPI change and its contributor



Source: NSO, KIS

Table 6. Monthly CPI change by item

Item	Weight (%)	% MoM	% YoY
Food and foodstuff	33.56	0.18	2.92
Beverage and cigarette	2.73	0.25	2.24
Garment, footwear, hat	5.70	0.06	1.37
Housing and construction materials	18.82	0.35	7.07
Household appliances and goods	6.74	0.10	1.71
Medicine and healthcare	5.39	0.03	12.81
Traffic	9.67	-0.48	-5.33
Postal services & telecommunication	3.14	-0.15	-0.42
Education	6.17	0.01	3.05
Culture. Entertainment, and tourism	4.55	0.20	1.76
Other goods and services	3.53	0.19	3.00
Whole	100.00	0.11	3.19

Source: NSO, KIS.

Figure 18. Monthly CPI change and its contributor (bps)



Source: NSO, KIS

Figure 19. Price changes of notable products

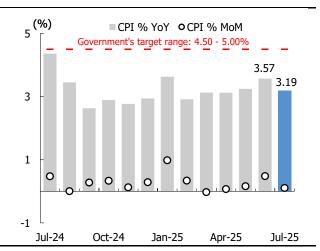
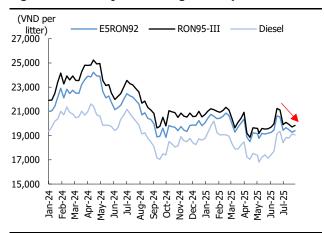
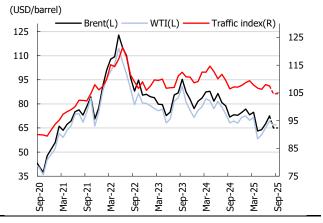


Figure 20. Monthly domestic gasoline price



Source: MOIT, KIS

Figure 21. Global oil price performance



Source: Bloomberg, KIS

V. FDI restrained ahead of tariff outcomes

Disbursed FDI remains steady, while registered figures reflect caution In July 2025, disbursed FDI rose by 10.1% YoY to USD1.88bn, bringing total disbursed capital in 7M25 to USD13.60bn, up 8.4% compared to the same period last year.

In contrast, with the tariff decision window drawing near, foreign investors appeared more cautious, holding back new commitments while awaiting greater clarity on tariff developments. As a result, registered FDI stood at USD2.57bn in July, down 4.8% YoY. Nevertheless, cumulative registered capital in 7M25 remained strong, totaling USD24.09bn, a 27.3% YoY increase.

Figure 22. Monthly disbursed FDI

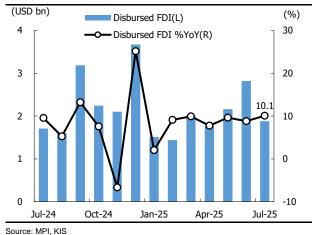
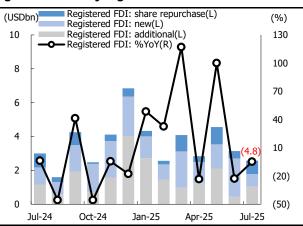


Figure 23. Monthly registered FDI



Source: MPI, KIS

Among the registrations, FDI from newly established firms declined by 11.09% YoY, reaching USD10.03bn in 2025. In contrast, additional capital from existing projects surged by 95.30% YoY to USD9.99bn, remaining the main growth driver. Meanwhile, registered capital through share repurchases also increased significantly by 61.15% YoY, totaling USD4.07bn this year.

Regarding the origin of newly registered FDI in the first seven months of 2025, a total of 2,254 projects were licensed with registered capital of USD10.03bn, up 15.2% YoY in project count but down 11.1% YoY in value. The manufacturing and processing sector attracted the largest share, totaling USD5.61bn (55.9% of newly registered capital), followed by real estate at USD2.36bn (23.5%), while other sectors accounted for USD2.06bn (20.6%).

Among the countries and territories investing in Vietnam, Singapore led with USD2.84bn (28.3%), followed by China with USD2.27bn (22.6%), Sweden with USD1.0bn (10.0%).

Table 7. Notable projects in 2025

			Registration		
Project	Sector	Origin country	value	Location	Month
		,	(USDbn)		
Samsung Display	Manufacturing	South Korea	1.2	Bac Ninh	Jan
Gamuda Land	Real estate	Malaysia	1.12	Ha Noi	May
SYRE Impact AB	Manufacturing	Sweden	1	Binh Dinh	June
VSIP	Real estate	Singapore	0.47	Binh Duong	Jan
SCG Chemicals	Manufacturing	Thailand	0.40	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	May
VSIP III	Manufacturing	Singapore	0.34	Binh Duong	Jan
Goertek	Manufacturing	China	0.27	Bac Ninh	Mar
Victory Giant Technology	Manufacturing	China	0.26	Bac Ninh	Mar
Daewon Cantavil	Real estate	Korea	0.2	Quy Nhon	Mar
Cooler Master	Manufacturing	Taiwan	0.13	Bac Ninh	Jan
Colorful Nylon Fiber	Manufacturing	China	0.12	Ba Ria - Vung Tau	May
Siemens Energy	Manufacturing	Germany	0.12	Binh Dinh	Mar
Red Board	Manufacturing	China	0.11	Ha Nam	Feb

Source: MPI, KIS

Table 8. Notable deals in July 2025

#	Deal Type	Target Company	Acquirer Company	Status
1	M&A	VIAS Hong Ngoc Bao JSC	United Overseas Australia Ltd	Pending
2	M&A	Factory facilities/Vietnam	Guangbo Group Stock Co Ltd	Completed
3	INV	OKXE Co Ltd	JB Financial Group Co Ltd,Invention Lab/The	Completed
4	INV	Al Hay JSC	Northstar Ventures, Phoenix Venture Partners LLC, others Ascend Vietnam Ventures.	Completed
5	INV	BlokID Inc	AppWorks Ventures Co Ltd, others	Completed
6	INV	AmazingTech Pte Ltd	VNG Ltd	Completed
7	M&A	Sinble Technology Vietnam Co Ltd	GS Microelectronics US Inc	Completed
8	M&A	Concrete pile manufacturing factory	Tenox Corp	Pending

Source: Bloomberg, KIS
Note: JV – Joints Venture; INV – Investment; M&A: Merger & Acquisition

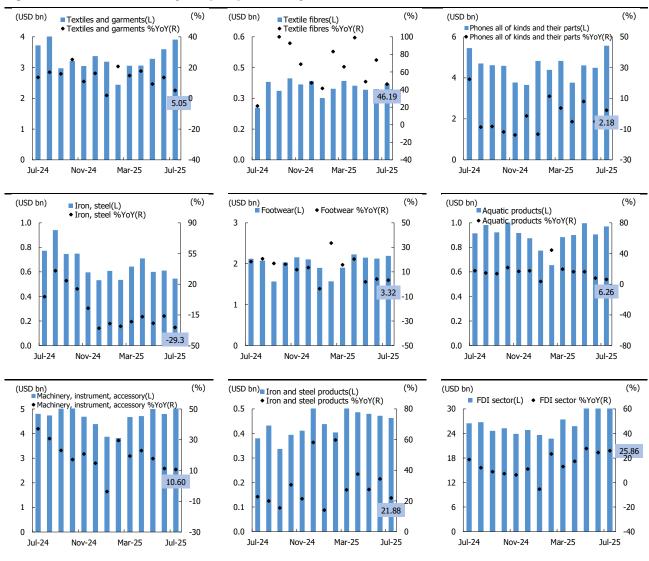
Macro scorecard

	25-Mar	25-Apr	25-May	25-Jun	25-Jul	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	2021	2022	2023	2024
Real GDP growth (%)						7.43	7.55	7.05	7.96	2.58	8.02	5.05	7.09
Registered FDI (USD bn)	2.57	4.08	2.82	3.14	2.57	9.59	13.44	10.98	10.54	31.15	27.72	36.61	38.23
GDP per capita (USD)										3,725	4,110	4,285	4,479
Unemployment rate (%)						2.23	2.22	2.20	2.22	3.22	2.32	2.26	2.24
Export (USD bn)	31.11	38.51	37.45	39.49	42.27	108.6	105.9	102.84	116.93	335.7	371.85	355.5	405.5
Import (USD bn)	32.66	36.88	36.87	36.66	40.00	99.7	101.9	99.68	112.52	331.1	360.65	327.5	380.8
Export growth (%)	25.67	14.49	19.75	16.31	15.95	15.82	11.46	10.64	18.03	18.74	10.61	-4.4	14.3
Import growth (%)	39.99	18.99	22.95	20.16	17.77	17.19	14.91	17.03	18.77	25.9	8.35	-8.9	16.7
Inflation (%)	2.91	3.13	3.12	3.57	3.19	3.48	2.87	3.22	3.31	1.84	3.15	3.25	3.63
USDVND	25,530	25,565	25,983	26,121	26,199	24.093	25,386	25,565	26,121	22,790	23,650	23,784	25,386
Credit growth (%)	15.7	16.3	18.53	17.48	19.12	16.1	13.8	16.3	17.48	13.61	14.2	13.7	13.8
10Y gov't bond (%)	3.18	3.06	3.20	3.34	3.45	2.66	2.94	3.06	3.34	2.11	5.08	2.39	2.94

Source: NSO, Bloomberg, FIA, IMF

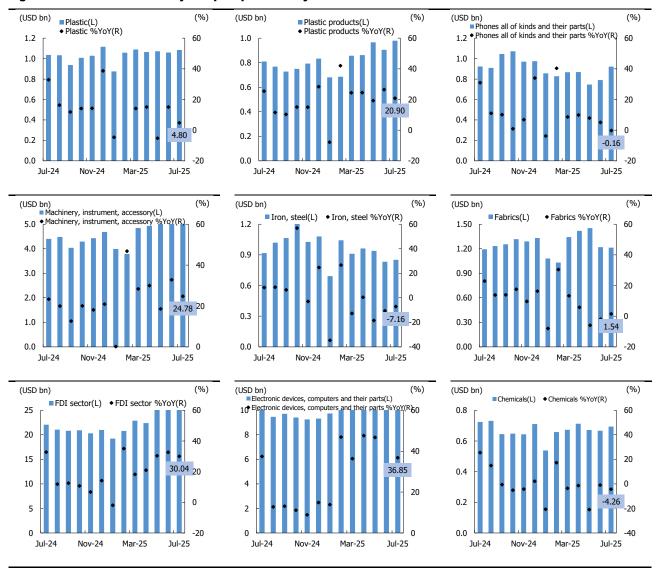
Appendix

Figure 1. Performances of major export products by month



Source: KIS, NSO

Figure 2. Performances of major import products by month



Source: KIS, NSO

Global Disclaimer

■General

This research report and marketing materials for Vietnamese securities are originally prepared and issued by the Research Center of KIS Vietnam Securities Corp., an organization licensed with the State Securities Commission of Vietnam. The analyst(s) who participated in preparing and issuing this research report and marketing materials is/are licensed and regulated by the State Securities Commission of Vietnam in Vietnam only. This report and marketing materials are copyrighted and may not be copied, redistributed, forwarded or altered in any way without the consent of KIS Vietnam Securities Corp..

This research report and marketing materials are for information purposes only. They are not and should not be construed as an offer or solicitation of an offer to purchase or sell any securities or other financial instruments or to participate in any trading strategy. This research report and marketing materials do not provide individually tailored investment advice. This research report and marketing materials do not take into account individual investor circumstances, objectives or needs, and are not intended as recommendations of particular securities, financial instruments or strategies to any particular investor. The securities and other financial instruments discussed in this research report and marketing materials must make their own independent decisions regarding any securities or financial instruments mentioned herein and investors should seek the advice of a financial adviser. KIS Vietnam Securities Corp., does not undertake that investors will obtain any profits, nor will it share with investors any investment profits. KIS Vietnam Securities Corp., its affiliates, or their affiliates and directors, officers, employees or agents of each of them disclaim any and all responsibility or liability whatsoever for any loss (director consequential) or damage arising out of the use of all or any part of this report or its contents or otherwise arising in connection therewith. Information and opinions contained herein are subject to change without notice and may differ or be contrary to opinions expressed by other business areas or KIS Vietnam Securities Corp. The final investment decision is based on the client's judgment, and this research report and marketing materials cannot be used as evidence in any legal dispute related to investment decisions.

■ Country-specific disclaimer

United States: This report is distributed in the U.S. by Korea Investment & Securities America, Inc., a member of FINRA/SIPC, and is only intended for major U.S. institutional investors as defined in Rule 15a-6(a)(2) under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All U.S. persons that receive this document by their acceptance thereof represent and warrant that they are a major U.S. institutional investor and have not received this report under any express or implied understanding that they will direct commission income to Korea Investment & Securities, Co., Ltd. or its affiliates. Pursuant to Rule 15a-6(a)(3), any U.S. recipient of this document wishing to effect a transaction in any securities discussed herein should contact and place orders with Korea Investment & Securities America, Inc., which accepts responsibility for the contents of this report in the U.S. The securities described in this report may not have been registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and, in such case, may not be offered or sold in the U.S. or to U.S. person absent registration or an applicable exemption from the registration requirement.

United Kingdom: This report is not an invitation nor is it intended to be an inducement to engage in investment activity for the purpose of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 of the United Kingdom ("FSMA"). To the extent that this report does constitute such an invitation or inducement, it is directed only at (i) persons who are investment professionals within the meaning of Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (as amended) of the United Kingdom (the "Financial Promotion Order"); (ii) persons who fall within Articles 49(2)(a) to (d) ("high net worth companies, unincorporated associations etc.") of the Financial Promotion Order; and (iii) any other persons to whom this report can, for the purposes of section 21 of FSMA, otherwise lawfully be made (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). Any investment or investment activity to which this report relates is available only to relevant persons and will be engaged in only with relevant persons. Persons who are not relevant persons must not act or rely on this report.

Hong Kong: This research report and marketing materials may be distributed in Hong Kong to institutional clients by Korea Investment & Securities Asia Limited (KISA), a Hong Kong representative subsidiary of Korea Investment & Securities Co., Ltd., and may not otherwise be distributed to any other party. KISA provides equity sales service to institutional clients in Hong Kong for Korean securities under its sole discretion, and is thus solely responsible for provision of the aforementioned equity selling activities in Hong Kong. All requests by and correspondence with Hong Kong investors involving securities discussed in this report and marketing materials must be effected through KISA, which is registered with The Securities & Futures Commission (SFC) of Hong Kong. Korea Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. is not a registered financial institution under Hong Kong's SFC.

Singapore: This report is provided pursuant to the financial advisory licensing exemption under Regulation 27(1)(e) of the Financial Advisers Regulation of Singapore and accordingly may only be provided to persons in Singapore who are "institutional investors" as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore. This report is intended only for the person to whom Korea Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. has provided this report and such person may not send, forward or transmit in any way this report or any copy of this report to any other person. Please contact Korea Investment & Securities Singapore Pte Ltd in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, the analysis or report (Contact Number: 65 6501 5600).

Copyright © 2025 KIS Vietnam Securities Corp. All rights reserved. No part of this report may be reproduced or distributed in any manner without permission of KIS Vietnam Securities Corp.



VIET NAM

UYEN LAM, Head of Institutional Brokerage (uyen.lh@kisvn.vn +8428 3914 8585 - 1444)

KIS Vietnam Securities Corporation

3rd floor, 180-192 Nguyen Cong Tru, Nguyen Thai Binh Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City.

Fax: 8428 3821-6898

SOUTH KOREA

YEONG KEUN JOO, Managing Director, Head of International Business Division (ykjoo@truefriend.com, +822 3276 5157)

PAUL CHUNG, Sales Trading (pchung@truefriend.com +822 3276 5843)

27-1 Yoido-dong, Youngdeungpo-ku, Seoul 150-745, Korea Toll free: US 1 866 258 2552 HK 800 964 464 SG 800 8211 320

Fax: 822 3276 5681~3

Telex: K2296

NEW YORK

DONG KIM, Managing Director (dkim@kisamerica.com +1 212 314 0681) HOON SULL, Head of Sales (hoonsull@kisamerica.com +1 212 314 0686) Korea Investment & Securities America, Inc.

1350 Avenue of the Americas, Suite 1110

New York, NY 10019 Fax: 1 212 314 0699

HONG KONG

GREGORY KIM, Managing Director, Head of HK Sales (greg.kim@kisasia.com, +822 2530 8915

Korea Investment & Securities Asia, Ltd.

Suite 2220, Jardine House

1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong

Fax: 852-2530-1516

SINGAPORE

ALEX JUN, Managing Director, Head of Singapore Sales (alex@kisasia.com.sg +65 6501 5602)

CHARLES AN, Sales (alex.jun@kisasia.com.sg +65 6501 5601)

Korea Investment & Securities Singapore Pte Ltd

1 Raffles Place, #43-04, One Raffles Place

Singapore 048616

Fax: 65 6501 5617

LONDON

Min Suk Key, Managing Director (peterkey@kiseurope.com +44 207 065 2766)

Korea Investment & Securities Europe, Ltd.

2nd Floor, 35-39 Moorgate London EC2R 6AR Fax: 44-207-236-4811

INDONESIA

JONG IN HONG, Managing Director (Jay.hong@kisi.co.id 62 813 1947 1984)

Korea Investment & Sekuritas Indonesia

Equity tower, 9th & 22nd Floor Suite A SCBD Lot 9. JI Jenderal Sudirman Kav. 52-53, Jakarta 12190 Indonesia

Fax: 62 21 299 11 999

This report has been prepared by KIS Vietnam Securities Corp. and is provided for information purposes only. Under no circumstances is it to be used or considered as an offer to sell, or a solicitation of any offer to buy. While all reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information contained herein is not untrue or misleading at the time of publication, we make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and it should not be relied upon as such. This report is provided solely for the information of professional investors who are expected to make their own investment decisions without undue reliance on this report and the company accepts no liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or its contents. This report is not intended for the use of private investors.

Copyright @ 2020 KIS Vietnam Securities Corp. All rights reserved. No part of this report may be reproduced or distributed in any manner without permission of KIS Vietnam Securities Corp.